Morning Oregonian.

VOL. X. PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1870. NO. 116.

Legal.

...bers Department Columbia,
...ce Chief Quarter-master.
...AUTHORITY HEREBY GIVEN FROM THE ...master General of the Army, there will be

...ld at Auction

...y, the 13th day of July, 1870,

...RT DALLES, OREGON,

...ILES, more or less, and

...ORSES,

...ll begin at o'clock A. M. on the day ...be continued from day to day (if ...

...s on ... livery in United States Quarters ... R. MANNEY, 1st Lieut. 8th Cav., ... and Chief Qr. M. Dept. Columbia.

...UNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OR... the County of Multnomah. ... Joseph Bailey, deceased.—Notice is ... A. P. Miller, administrator, with the ... the estate of Joseph Bailey, de... account in the above entitled court, ... the same allowed and that his ... day of July, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M. ... been fixed by the above named court ... of said application and the proceedings ... all persons interested in said estate ... that time and make objections to said ...

...By order of the ... P. A. MARQUAM, County Judge. ... L. NORDEN, Clerk.

Professional Cards.

...C. B. UPTON.
...UPTON & UPTON,
...and Counselors-at-Law.
...NEWS BUILDING,
...Street, Portland, Oregon.
...ATTENTION TO EXTRACT OF LAND TITLES ... and give particular attention to ... feb1dtf

...WILSON SMITH,
...Counselor-at-Law ... and Solicitor,
...OFFICE—74 United State Courts. ... Street, Portland, Oregon. ... Jo1dtf

...A. C. HENOWETH,
...Attorney-at-Law,
...PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

...D. W. LOMBARD.
...LOMBARD & SHUTHTHALER,
...Attorneys-at-Law,
...PORTLAND, OREGON.
...ATTENTION TO PAT... Notary Public, ... Commissioner of Deeds ... Deeds executed, Depositions ... Acknowledgments taken, ... Bankruptcy, ... No. 101 First St., Portland ... and collections. tf

...J. BROWN,
...Counselor-at-Law.
...Office ...

...Dr. Keith, French, German and ... d2dtf

...A. J. HOFFMAN,
...ATTORNEY AT LAW
...Office in Cooke's Building, cor. Al... Portland, Oregon. dawtf

...ON OF APPOINTMENT OF ASSIGNEE ... Bankrupt, District of Oregon, ss. ... June, 1870. The undersigned hereby ... his appointment as Assignee of ... Salem, in the county of Marion, and ... within said district, who have been ... on creditors petition by the District ... B. F. BONHAM, ...

Stoves & Tinware.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,

(Successors to A. M. & L. N. Starr)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS

IN

STOVES, FURNACES AND RANGES,

TIN PLATE.

SHEET IRON, GALVANIZED SHEET IRON, ZINC, Babbit Metal, Braziers' Tinned and Planished Copper, Sheet Lead, Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose and Connections, Hydraulic Pipe, Nozzles and Rams, Tinsmiths' Tools, Machines and Materials, and a complete assortment of House Furnishing Hardware.

Importing our goods principally Direct from the East, enables us to offer inducements to the Trade second to no other House on this coast.

Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES, and for the celebrated EXCELSIOR FORCE PUMPS for Manufacturers' and Miners' use.

No. 24 Front Street,

In O. A. N. Company's Fire-Proof Block. ja...d3ptf Portland, Oregon.

Business Cards.

W. H. BRACKETT,

CARPENTER & BUILDER,

SHOP—East Side of Second street, between Stark and Oak.

ALL KINDS OF WORK DONE TO ORDER. Will take Contracts for the Erection of all classes of Buildings. my31dtf

H. M'DONALD,

ARCHITECT.

VAUGHN'S BUILDING,

Corner of Front and Morrison Streets.

OFFICE—In Third Story—Rooms formerly occupied by Chas. Talbot. mr2d6m

E. J. BRYAN,

BUILDER & CONTRACTOR,

Cor. Washington & Fourth Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

prepared to attend to all calls for work in his line, and guarantees satisfaction. ja19 d3m

CHARLES S. MILLS,

HOUSE PAINTER

AND

Sign Writer,

ap24 No. 89 STARK ST. dtf

M. ROSENTHAL,

DEALER IN

French & German Looking-Glass Plates

Picture and Window Glass,

Doors and Sash of all kinds,

AND WINDOW GLASS OF ALL SIZES,

PICTURE FRAMES MADE TO ORDER. MIRRORS reattached and Glazing done on shortest notice. Special attention given to country orders.

ap19 No. 110 Front St., river side. d2m

HAWLEY, DODD & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

JACOB UNDERHILL & CO. AND E. A. HAWLEY & CO'S

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE!

IRON AND STEEL,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

51 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON. aug25 d1m

H. W. CORBETT & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH

HARDWARE,

58 Front St., Corner of Oak,

jy PORTLAND, OREGON. tf

PORTLAND

Library Association.

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CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,

OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

CONTAINING 5,000 VOLUMES OF CHOICE BOOK AND OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Membership Free to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly.

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ap22dtf

OLD PAPER,

OLD NEWSPAPERS,
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OLD BLANK BOOKS AND LEDGERS,
OLD MANUSCRIPTS,
And all kinds of

WASTE PAPER,

From Bankers, Insurance Agents, Patent Medicine Depots, Printing Offices, Book Binders, Libraries and Business Houses, wanted at the

JUNK STORE!

FRONT STREET,

Near the FERRY LANDING. my1tf

At S. J. McCormick's Book Store

Can be found the largest and Finest Stock of

PIANOS

Ever offered in this market. Consisting of Chickering & Son's, Ballet, Davis & Co.'s Hardman's Celebrated New York Pianos.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

Call and examine the Stock. Pianos thoroughly Tuned for $2 50. New Pianos for Rent.

W. T. SHANAHAN,
my4dtf Portland, Oregon.

DR. D. T. MORGAN,

OCULIST,

OF SAN FRANCISCO, WILL BE IN PORTLAND May 17th, for the purpose of Examining and Curing DISEASES OF THE EYE, for a few weeks only.

All who are afflicted with Eye Diseases are invited to call and ascertain what can be done for them. Especially those who have chronic or supposed incurable diseases. Examination Free.

OFFICE—American Exchange Hotel, Portland, Oregon. my14dawlm

River Steamers.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, THE

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

STEAMERS

ALERT AND SENATOR

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY (Sundays excepted), AT 5 O'CLOCK A. M. AND 2 O'CLOCK P. M. FOR

OREGON CITY,

CONNECTING AT 7 O'CLOCK A. M. WITH BOATS FOR

SALEM, ALBANY,

AND CORVALLIS,

ON

MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY

AND FOR

Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville,

ON

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY.

A. McCULLY, President.

November 1, 1866. n21tf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S NOTICE!

BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 25TH, UNTIL further notice, the STEAMER YAKIMA will make THREE TRIPS A WEEK, on the Upper Columbia.

Passengers leaving Portland on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, will make the connection as above.

The Boat leaving Portland on FRIDAYS will connect with boat for LEWISTON.

Lewiston Freight must be shipped at Portland on Thursday, in order to reach Celilo in season for the Lewiston boat. S. G. REED, Vice Pres.

April 21, 1870. ap30d1f

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

Fire Proof Warehouse

for the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates. All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to. Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J.R.F.

Always on hand a full Assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, and Clothing

MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

Also a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

Fast Freight Line

TO IDAHO!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER AUGUST 1ST, 1868, OUR RATES for FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, weighing not less than 50 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows:

From Portland to La Grande.....12 cents per pound.
" " " Baker City.....13 " " "
" " " Eldorado.....16 " " "
" " " Boise City.....18 " " "
" " " Idaho City.....19 " " "
" " " Silver City.....20 " " "
" " " Ruby City.....27 " " "

Until further notice. WELLS, FARGO & CO. au22dtf

HOAGLAND'S

NEW PATENT SHAFT COUPLING!

W. E. COOPER

HAS PURCHASED THE RIGHT FOR THIS County of the above Patent, and will hereafter use it in the construction of all the Vehicles manufactured at his establishment.

Carriage Factory,

Corner of Second and Morrison Streets.

He respectfully refers to the following

CARD.

Having examined the New Patent Shaft Coupling, invented by H. R. Hoagland, we feel pleasure in informing the public that in our opinion it is the safest and best method of connecting shafts or tongues to all vehicles that has ever been used.

It fastens without bolt or screw, and is therefore, easily and speedily separated. It rests on Gutta Percha so as to be entirely free from the rattling sound which so often disturbs the horses. It is easily changed so that the shafts or tongue may be detached in an instant, and is convenient, safe and secure.

It is easy to change to this style of coupling any buggy or other vehicle now in use, and with small expense. We have come to the conclusion to use this new invention ourselves and recommend its use in all cases. We consider it far superior to the Brewster Patent, heretofore considered the best in use.

J. A. CHAPMAN, JOHN McLEAN
H. D. GREEN, L. C. POLLEE,
H. C. LEONARD, L. P. W. QUIMBY,
MILLER & ACKER. Wm. SHERLOCK,
W. H. BENNETT, GEO. B. COOK,
LABBE BROS., H. WALSH,
B. G. WHITEHOUSE, J. P. LADD,
A. A. WILLIAMS, WM. M. DIXON,
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O. A. GODDARD.

my9dtf

CLEAR THE DIRT!

HOW?

BY USING STANDARD SOAP CO.'S

WASHING POWDERS.

CAUTION—OWING TO THE MANY IMITATIONS of this article, persons should be very cautious and purchase none but that branded "Standard Soap Company of San Francisco," on packages and boxes. The imitations are put up in 5 lb. boxes, because of a greater profit to themselves. The great demand for this powder is a sure sign that the good qualities for washing purposes it carries into and fabrics, and does not injure the finest fabric. Sold by all Grocers. The Standard Soap Co.'s Detergent Soap. ap21d3m

NEW BOOK STORE!

134 FIRST STREET,

Opposite Skidmore's Drug Store, Portland.

ALL KINDS OF STATIONERY,

BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS,
NEWSPAPERS,
MAGAZINES and
YANKEE NOTIONS CHEAP.

X. I. BARRETT,

my9dtf

Banks.

LADD & TILTON,

BANKERS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

ESTABLISHED, 1859.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or THRIFT BONDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business. oct3dawtf

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,

IN NEW YORK, CANADA SCOTLAND & IRELAND

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

Portland, April 16, 1867. dtf

Fire Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

UNION

Insurance Company

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

CASH CAPITAL, $750,000

DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.

Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY HAVING COMPLIED WITH the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of Fifty Thousand Dollars, is now prepared to effect Insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
CHARLES D. HATEN, Secretary.

General Agency for Oregon and Washington,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

E. D. BACKENSTOS, Special Agent,

Portland, September 22, 1869. s22dtf

Life Insurance.

THE WASHINGTON

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED.....1860.

POLICIES EXEMPT FROM EXECUTION.

Cash Assets, over.....$2,250,000

SECURELY INVESTED.

Over 12,000 Members.

PURELY MUTUAL!

Dividends paid one year from date of Policy

All Policies and Dividends Non-Forfeitable.

Over 5,000 Policies Issued in 1868

THIS COMPANY POSSESSES A COMBINATION of desirable features which no other organization can claim. Its growth has been steady and uniform. Its success is unquestionable. It is eminently adapted to benefit the holders of its Policies.

M'KENNEY & LINDERMAN,

General Agents, 151 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Directly opposite Occidental Hotel

W. WHITWELL,

GENERAL AGENT FOR OREGON AND TERRITORIES

PORTLAND, OREGON.

oct1dtf1p

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

EASTERN DATES TO JUNE 16.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The President sent the following nomination to the Senate to-day: Amos Ackerman, of Georgia, to be Attorney General of the United States vice E. R. Hoar, resigned. Ackerman is U. S. Attorney of Georgia, a native of New Hampshire, formerly an old line Whig and an active Republican since the formation of the party. He is an able lawyer and well qualified for the position.

The House proceeded to vote on the Cuban resolutions. Logan's amendment to give parties the same advantage of intercourse and trade with the United States, consistent with the laws of nations, was rejected by 101 to 77. Bingham's substitute was then voted on and carried affirmatively through all stages, so that this resolution is finally adopted. The excitement here, owing to the state of Cuban affairs, exceeds anything ever before witnessed. Private assurance of a recast of the whole Cabinet is freely given by the President. There are ominous hints of impeachment. Butler is emphatically execrated by Republicans.

The Committee on Reconstruction, at a full meeting, confirmed their previous action on the Georgia bill, which omits reference to a new election of members of the Legislature, but provides for the organization and equipping of militia.

The House refused to concur with the Senate on the appropriation bill.

The bill granting the Utah Central Railroad the right of way through the public lands for the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from Ogden to Salt Lake City, passed. Wheeler reported a bill granting the Island of Yerba Buena to the Central Pacific Railroad as a terminus, provided half the island be reserved to the United States for fortifying, and that the bill shall not impair the lawful rights of private parties to the island.

Axtell supported the bill, and reminded the House that there was no prohibition from Government to sell that island. Half of it were a railroad to cross it, would be more valuable to Government than the whole of it, were it not. It would be a great public convenience to those who opposed the bill and opposed the true interests of San Francisco and Government.

Maynard offered an amendment requiring the company to erect, whenever necessary, a drawbridge over such parts of the channel as the Engineer may suggest. Adopted.

In the Senate, Drake's amendment continuing the law relative to the free transmission of newspapers, was adopted—17 to 16.

The House bill to establish a Department of Justice, passed.

The resignation of Hoar and the appointment of Ackerman, appears to be founded only on the desire of the President to give the South a position in the Cabinet. The relations of Hoar and the President were always friendly. The latter, in accepting the resignation, expressed high approbation of the able and devoted manner in which he discharged the functions of office.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

MADISON, Ind., June 16.—The Republican Congressional Convention of the Third District, has nominated Henry R. Richard.

BOSTON, June 16.—A terrible accident on the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad, between Royal Stone and Athol, occurred to-day. The train was thrown over a bridge. Johnson, of Fitchburg, and two others killed and four persons seriously injured, including the mail agent, fireman and three others, slightly.

Judge Clifford, of the U. S. Circuit Court, has decided that Congress has no power to tax the salaries of State officers.

The Earthquake in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 11.—The earthquake of May 11th, was felt at Tabasco. All the churches and nearly all the private dwellings at Notabitta were thrown to the ground. Near Pachuttla the roads were rendered impassable by rocks from the mountain sides.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Joseph Dion accepts Rudolph's challenge for an American, English and French game of billiards, for $1,000 each.

The *Tribune* dispatch contradicts the rumors that Secretary Fish is about to resign, or that there is any disagreement between him and the President. No reason exists for believing Hoar's resignation indicates any change in the Cabinet. The President's Cuban Message was under consideration in the Cabinet two weeks before it was sent to Congress. The best information leads to the conclusion that it was written by Assistant Secretary of State Davis and revised by Secretary Fish and Attorney-General Hoar.

The majority of the San Domingo Committee will report to exonerate Gen. Babcock from the charges made against him by Hatch, while the minority will hold that he has not wholly cleared himself.

Late Havana advices leave scarcely a doubt as to the failure of the *Lipton* expedition. A number of men and 2,000 stand of arms were landed and immediately afterward captured. The steamer escaping, the Spanish gunboats sailed for Aspin wall. Bad management is plainly the cause of the disaster.

CINCINNATI, June 16.—The Republican Convention of the 1st Congressional District of Indiana, to day, nominated H. C. Gooding.

To-day W. H. L. Barnes, counsel for Lansing, who shot at and seriously wounded T. Hilton in the face a few days since, appeared in the police court with Mr. Lansing and moved that the case be postponed until Monday, when they would again appear, waive an examination and give bonds for Lansing's presence.

BY THE CABLE.

ROME, June 15.—The Pope has fixed the 22d of July as the last day allowed to Americans to submit to the Holy See. Failing thereon, they are to be excommunicated.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—John Moore, who was wounded by a pistol ball in the leg at Marysville, is in the County Hospital here. The practice of sending such patients here from other counties to be a tax upon San Francisco, is becoming so general that it is probable that admission to the hospital will be hereafter refused in all such cases.

John Harrington, nephew of the late Peter Johnson, and for some years employed in his California office, died to day. He contracted consumption while with the Russian Overland Telegraph expedition some years ago.

N. B. Stone, the new Postmaster of San Francisco, is expected here from the East to morrow.

A number of Chinese have been discharged from the Mission Woolen Mills, where they tended spinning machines, and their places supplied by white men and boys.

Six jurors have been found for the Neaval murder trial and the panel may be completed to-morrow. Judge McKinstry has ruled that the defence cannot peremptorily challenge a juror until the panel is complete, though this is contrary to the usual practice.

The following dispatch was received:

SAN JOSE, June 17.—To M. S. Latham: W. H. Bryant was killed in the saw mill morning. He had a check on the Bank of California for $24,000 in your favor. Inform his friends.

(Signed) DR TURNER.

Transactions in stocks mainly on time and among the brokers only, very few outsiders mixing in, have been immense within the present week. 2,430 shares of Treasure changed hands at the morning Board and 1,650 in evening. Savage was also largely dealt in. Prices were generally higher this forenoon. Treasure, 1-3; Monday, 18; Oriental, 1; Overman, 2; Belcher, 1; Curry, 1; Imperial, 2; Sig Belcher, 2; Gould, 1; Challenge, 2; Crown Point, 2; Northern Cross, 1; Savage, 1; Nevada, 3; Eureka, 3.

Greenbacks reached 93½ buying, and 90 selling, to day the highest point reached in eight years.

Nothing has yet been heard from the steamer *Henry Chauncey*, now five days over due at New York, with passengers from here of May 15th per *Constitution*, and the anxiety among the friends of those on board is becoming intensely painful.

The officers of the P. M. S. S. Co. say there is no ground for unusual apprehension as the *Chauncey* is one of the staunchest steamers afloat and the weather at this season is the most favorable of the year.

The Removal of the Capital.

The two articles subjoined, from the New York *Herald* and New York *Sun*, cover the whole ground of argument against the foolish attempt to remove the National Capital:

[From the N. Y. Herald.]

Some of the Western people, and particularly those of St. Louis are endeavoring to get up an agitation to remove the seat of Government from Washington to the Mississippi valley. They appear to be supported in this too, by some of the members of Congress from the West. There has been a call for the Governors of several States in that section to assemble together for the purpose of promoting this object, several of the State Legislatures of the West have spoken in favor of it, public meetings have been worked up to agitate the question, and some of the Western members of Congress are opposing any further appropriations for public buildings or improvements in Washington, on the ground that the capital will be removed, and that to expend anything more there would be a waste of money. The movement has not become general in the West, but seems to have its focus in St. Louis. The people, or rather the property-holders and speculators, of that city are the principal movers in this local agitation, because they want the capital to be located there. As far as they are concerned it is a grand speculation or job, though got up under the pretext of national interest and the convenience of the Government and the Western member of Congress.

The principal argument used for the removal of the capital to the Mississippi valley is that St. Louis, or some other point not very far west from that city, is near the geographical center of the Republic, and will, in the course of time, be about the center of population. This is true, undoubtedly, with regard to the territorial center, and there may be a large population west of this in the distant future, though there will be always, probably, a greater population east of the geographical center than west. The vast and fertile valley of the Ohio and of the States bordering the lakes, the rich Southern States from the Atlantic to the Mississippi, and from the Gulf to the Potomac, the wealth and wonderful resources of New York and Pennsylvania, the manufacturing industry and accumulated capital of New England and the commercial outlet and power of the Atlantic cities, will attract and develop a larger population than the comparatively desert prairie region west of Kansas and the vast mountainous country beyond to the shores of the Pacific. Though the area is greater west of the Mississippi, the population will always be much larger, probably, east of that river. While we admit that the States on the Pacific will have a mighty future, that vast commercial cities will grow up there, that San Francisco may become second only to New York, and that there will be an extraordinary development of the commerce between that part of the republic and Asia, yet the commerce between the Atlantic cities and civilized Europe will continue to be of far more importance. The center of business, of wealth, and of intelligence will remain far east of the geographical center. That will remain near the Atlantic border. The argument in favor of removing the capital, then, on the ground of placing it in a central position has little foundation.

But it is said that Washington is too near the Atlantic, too easy of approach by an enemy in time of war, and can not be so well protected or defended as the capital could be if it were in the Mississippi valley. This is a mere bugbear. No nation or combination of nations could, or are ever likely, to attempt a war on the soil of this mighty Republic, where there is such a dense population. Nor would any fleet, in this age of science, steam power, monitors, iron-clads, and all the other formidable appliances of war that can be promptly prepared and used, venture to go up the Potomac. Washington can be as well defended as any city in the world.

As to the convenience of members of Congress reaching the capital, what does it matter whether those from the West cross the Alleghany mountains to come eastward or those from the East cross them to go westward? Then railroads and telegraph bring all parts of the country into convenient communication. Distance is no longer reckoned by miles, and space is annihilated comparatively. The probability is that, in the progress of science and improvements we shall be able to travel by land by from one end of the Republic to the other in a few days. For all business and social purposes the telegraph brings every place and person near to each other.

Admitting that a hundred millions or two hundred millions for the construction of a Capitol and other public buildings might not be of much consequence to this rich country, it would be a shameful waste of money to abandon the magnificent and costly structures at Washington, and to erect others at another place when there is no good reason for removing the capital. Besides, short as our history is, Washington has a grand historical character, a name and prestige that should command our respect, and the honor of being founded by the Father of his Country and the sages of our Independence. If the capital should ever be removed, New York, the great commercial metropolis and center of intelligence of the country, would be the proper place for it; but there is no necessity for its removal. The agitation for the purpose has been got up by a few Western politicians to tickle their constituents, and by some speculators who want to make money. There is no fear of the movement succeeding; but we advise Congress to crush it by some decisive action in its incipiency, for it can only can lead to sectional controversy and trouble.

[From the N. Y. Sun.]

A meeting was held at St. Louis a few evenings since, to consider the subject of removing the national capital to the Mississippi valley. A committee was appointed to gather statistics and to induce the Legislatures of the various States to request Congress to make no more appropriations for public buildings at Washington. This is one of a series of meetings held at various points in the West within the last six months. Taken in connection with private advices and the discussion of the subject by newspapers throughout that region, it leaves little room to doubt that the people of the Mississippi valley are really in earnest in desiring the capital to be located in that region. The reasons given are various, but the one upon which they place the most stress is that the capital of a great nation like ours should be near the geographical center of the country, whatever or wherever that may be. They argue that in the Mississippi valley the capital would be free from the danger of capture by an invading army, while at the same time it could be more readily and quickly reached by such citizens as might have business with the Government.

In thinking of palace, hotel and sleeping cars, steamboats and telegraphs, the geographical idea in point of convenience is scarcely worthy of consideration. Travel from any part of the country to any other point is reduced to a matter of perfect certainty. The Hon. John A. Logan can travel from Illinois to Washington in half the time to-day that Thomas Jefferson consumed between Monticello and Philadelphia seventy years ago. When mileage is considered, the advantages are greatly in favor of the members from Illinois and the far West, and they will doubtless perceive it before the capitol is removed.

The consideration of safety from invasion is one that may safely be left out of this discussion. Since the termination of the rebellion, it may be confidently asserted that all the underwriters in the world would not guarantee the return of any European army which should have the temerity to trust itself on the main land within the borders of the United States.

New York city has no direct interest in this question. The removal of the capital can not affect our commercial prosperity to any appreciable extent, even were New York the point selected; and this out of the question, as we, at least, could not be induced to part with our sovereignty over our own affairs. We don't want to be governed by Congress, and hence what we have to say on this question may be regarded as impartial. The interests of the people at large would be seriously jeopardied by any change in the location of the capital, now or hereafter. Magnificent and commodious buildings have already been constructed for the accommodation of every branch of the Government at Washington, at a cost of at least a hundred millions of dollars. These building could not be removed or rebuilt elsewhere for twice that sum. Elegant hotels, lodging houses, and gambling houses, are found in abundance; the climate is mild and salubrious; and what is better than all, Washington can never become a great commercial or manufacturing center, and this is its strongest recommendation.

No people having a republican or representative form of government can afford, with the present state of human society, to place its executive, judicial, and legislative power where it will be unduly subjected to the pressure of great commercial interests, or endangered by the presence of what, under the instigation of want, misery, or political intrigue, may become an uncontrollable mob. Who will deny that the Government, if located in this city, might have been overthrown during the great draft riot of 1863, either by the mob, or by the rebels after the army had been withdrawn to New York to suppress the riots?

It is probable that the removal of the capital to St. Louis, Chicago, or Cincinnati would at once give to either of those places such an impetus in growth and trade, and such an advantage over its neighbors, as to make it the greatest of our internal cities. No other Western town would have any advantage over Washington in point of accommodations for Congressmen and transient visitors. Judging from the police reports, either of those places will not compare favorably with New York in the quantity and quality of crime; or in other terms, with the elements which go to make up the mob. The demoralizing influences of the national capital would rapidly bring it up to the highest mark in this respect.

It would be well for the country not to lose sight of these considerations. There are enough corrupt influences already at work upon the Government, notwithstanding the inaccessibility of Washington and its alleged deficiency in hotels, lodging-houses, and aristocratic society. Rome controlled the empire, Paris controls France, London controls England. Let it never be said that the Federal capital controls America.

Mackerel Fishing on the Pacific Coast.

[From the San Francisco Bulletin.]

The large quantity of mackerel imported from the East and sold in this market suggests the inquiry: Are there not mackerel on our own coast as good as those of the East, and in sufficient quantity to supply the demand?

It is well known that there are abundance of mackerel, at all seasons of the year, in the waters surrounding the islands of the Santa Barbara channel, and their quality is equal to any imported. But although mackerel can be got there in abundance all the year round, there is a *season* for them as well as for other things. The months for taking them in the largest quantities, and curing them to the best advantage, are June, July and August. During these months enough, both as to quantity and quality, can be got to meet all the wants of this market. Salt of the best quality for curing can be got, free, from the neighboring salt water lagoons, at little trouble and trifling expense. Facilities for curing in these islands will be willingly afforded, on the same terms, by the Government and local proprietors.

In 1855, a few San Francisco fishermen went there with a small schooner, and soon filled her with mackerel, but in place of taking out the intestines and soaking them in salt water to clean them of blood before salting, they threw them into salt without cleaning, and, as a matter of course, they were partially spoiled when they arrived here, and created a prejudice against the business.

But an experienced captain, who ran on this coast in 1858, understood the curing and packing. He put up 100 barrels of mackeral at Santa Barbara, of the quality known to the trade as No. 2, which he sold in this market for $16 per barrel. They were caught late in September, and were consequently, rather poor; had they been taken in June, July, or August, they would have been in condition to have been classed as No. 1.

The rude experiment of the fisherman in not knowing how to cure the fish, and the experienced captain's successful trial, though a month or six weeks too late in the season, meets the objections of the writer in the *Overland Monthly* of February. If mackerel are caught before June, and after August, they are too poor to be of advantage, and deserve the name of what that writer calls "leather bellies." And if they are not cured as described—cleaned and washed in salt water immediately after being caught, and before salting—they will spoil, and, as that writer says, become partially "poisonous," or at least inferior food.

But with the necessary experience, skill and judgment on the part of the fishermen, and the encouragement, enterprise and outlay on the part of all interested in the trade and in the development of one of our home industries, there are mackerel on our coast, of the best quality, to supply all the wants of our city and State.

If France, England and her colonies are doing great things in cultivating and developing the coast and deep sea fishing of their respective countries; so should we on this coast.

We think we have given facts sufficient to account for the partial failure of the small experiment, and reliable statements to encourage and stimulate others to try again and succeed. Hundreds of small schooners and fishermen could be employed for months every year during the mackerel season, with great advantage to all parties interested.

The fishermen of Australia do not abandon their lucrative fishing for salmon-trout and other fish in the Bay of Melbourne and along the coast of the Colony of Victoria because a few careless hands occasionally expose their fish to the influence of a full moon, rendering all such fish poisonous and dangerous to life. How much less should we longer neglect a similar calling, and equally profitable, because of the incompetent or inexperience of one or two trials for mackerel on our coast?

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE ON JERRY BLACK.—Jerry Black, a member of President Buchanan's Cabinet, published, a short time ago, a rejoinder to an article written some time since by Hon. Henry Wilson, and published in the *Atlantic Monthly*, on the life and services of the late Secretary Stanton. Black endeavored to detract, as a matter of course, from the memory of the great War Minister. The *Tribune* thus touches Black: "The burden of his argument is, that Mr. Stanton's course, while he was a Democrat, was not consistent with his course after he became a Republican, and that no man ever changes his political relations and friendships except for good and sufficient considerations thereunto moving, i. e., for a bribe. The fact that Mr. Stanton, after six years' exercise of the greatest powers ever put forth by a War Minister, died from overwork and in poverty, is a sufficient answer to the vulgar slanders of one who looks even the intellect to perceive how great an honor it is to as small a man as Jerry Black, that he was once succeeded in office by such a man as Stanton. He ought to feel the same pride over the incident as the insect that crosses the field of Lord Rosse's telescope, when the next object to follow him is the planet Jupiter."

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING JUNE 18 1870

Blessings in Store

As the blessings of Democratic rule are to be ours for the next two years in this State it is proper to inquire what blessings we are to get It is a fitting time now for all the promises that have been made by those who are to rule us Another session of the Legislature may be necessary when they take the reins of government in order that the promises may not be ignored or forgotten

First that old enemy of the white man that dangerous rival of the superior race the Chinaman is to be utterly extinguished He shall not be allowed to work unless white men can get his wages and he shall be taxed and taxed till he can neither stay in the state nor have the means of leaving it and till all the public vaults are plethoric with money and the superior race is relieved from the necessity of paying any taxes at all

Second, men who have heretofore been classed as laborers are to be happy The Democratic millenium is to be with them a perpetual holiday They are to be relieved from the burdens of labor, and those of them who are of a convivial nature are to be at liberty to spend their time around corner groceries, beerages free For the Democratic leaders have like Cade 'vowed reformation' and like him have decreed that 'seven half penny loaves shall be sold for a penny that 'the three-hooped pot shall have ten hoops and that all the realm shall be in common In short the poor man is now to have his day and blasted wealth is to be made to disgorge

Third, the tyrannical course of the Federal Government is to be checked The public debt is to be "equitably adjusted," and the necessity of further taxation (except taxation of the almond-eyed heathen from Asia) is to be removed. The people are to have liberty They pine for liberty Liberty is faith liberty is honor The people are to have good beef, and bread to eat This is what a Democratic victory means

Fourth the luxury of political discussions of the old sort is to be freely indulged and fully enjoyed The resolutions of '98 are to be exhumed, and all the dear old Democratic traditions which have lain dormant for years are to be revived The pernicious teachings of Radicalism are to be counteracted, and especially the corrupting and enslaving Radical dogma that it is man's lot and duty to work for a living, is to be put down

These are some of the principal 'blessings' that have been promised us And now we are to have a trial of them for two years at the end of which time the chances are that the Radicals will carry the State again and the liberties of the people will again be engulfed We wait for September when the said "blessings" are to begin to fall like the gentle dews of heaven

Making Debts Pay Themselves

A very brilliant thing was attempted in Congress the other day Mr Beck of Kentucky proposed that the Government should raise a revenue by taxing its own bonds and thus provide for paying the national debt The philosophy of this idea is of a piece with that which is said on a certain occasion to have led an individual to attempt to lift himself over a fence by his boot straps Most of Mr. Beck's Democratic friends came to his assistance and urged the adoption of the proposition. Butler of Massachusetts, who is always ready for visionary schemes, joined them At last a plan had been hit upon which would pay the national debt without the inconvenience of general taxation Just let the Government tax its bonds a certain amount each year and keep it up, and the thing would be done. Suppose two per cent. of the debt were thus taxed out of existence each year is it not plain that the whole could be liquidated in a comparatively brief space of time? It would indeed be an easy method of liquidation But the House failed to appreciate this stroke of financial statesmanship, and by a large majority rejected the proposition It was substantially a party vote, though a few of the Democrats voted with the Republicans and a few of the Republicans voted with the Democrats

It is strange indeed that a proposition of this kind should ever be made, and stranger still that it should be seriously entertained. If it were the purpose to tax the bonds in the hands of present holders of course the act would be repudiation to the extent of the tax levied If it were the purpose to get a new loan, a tax on the bonds would increase the interest by just the amount of tax to be collected We pay six per cent now, and our bonds are about at par with gold. If we should propose a new loan in order to fund the debt on another basis, and at the same time propose a tax of two per cent. on the bonds the least figure at which we could get the loan taken would be eight per cent Thus in order to enjoy the luxury of taxing the 'bloated bondholder two per cent per annum we should have to pay an additional two per cent interest And how much would the Government make by the transaction? Every farthing it would collect in taxes by such a process it would be forced to pay back in the shape of interest A man has never yet been able to get rich by changing his money from one pocket to another Nor has a Government ever yet been able to legislate so as to make its debts pay themselves

The second volume of the War Between the States' by Alexander H Stephens is announced and will soon be ready for delivery by A L Bancroft & Co of San Francisco In this work the Southern or State Sovereignty view of the late civil war is presented Viewed from a national standpoint the title of the book is itself a misnomer as the war was in no sense a war between the States, but on the one hand an assault by certain States on national authority and on the other a contest for national unity and national supremacy But Mr Stephens has undertaken to present the philosophy of the struggle from the State Sovereignty standpoint and his second volume like his first will no doubt be extensively called for The American people have fully decided that the United States constitute a nation and they read a book like this not for instruction but with a desire to see the best thing that can be said on the wrong side of a subject that once possessed more interest than any other ever agitated in America

An industrial exposition of manufactures products and arts will be held in Cincinnati, commencing on the 21st September and ending on the 15th October next Contributions of works of art and ingenuity for the exhibition are invited from every quarter, and artists manufacturers and inventors throughout the whole country are invited to participate.

The Authority for It

We have in direct from such papers as the *Ore*, a *Herald* that the recent act of Congress to enforce the internal revenue laws to prevent frauds in cigar and tobacco manufacture is unconstitutional and that the President elect is a usurper and all the acts and proclamations which he may hereafter issue are unconstitutional and void and that the people are absolved from all allegiance to the United States Government and that the Democratic party is the only party which can save the country from destruction

Now we ask in the name of common sense what is the authority for all this Is it the Constitution of the United States? Is it the decision of the Supreme Court? Is it the opinion of any lawyer of standing? Is it the opinion of any statesman? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the Constitution? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the decisions of the Supreme Court? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of statesmen? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of lawyers? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of judges? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of anybody? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of nobody? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of himself? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of his own mother? Is it the opinion of any man who has ever read the opinions of his own father? 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The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1870.

CITY.

...IOUS AND DARING ROBBERY.—...Thursday night some daring scoundrel perpetra... of a robbery at the saloon of Mr. Wm. Weisel, ...the store rooms of Mr. A. H Johnson, which ...from the fellow possessed of some ordinary ...ual ability, some of that "rascally virtue called ...." A thorough inspection of the premi... ...shows that he could not have forced his way ...the building from the outside, but must have ...in the house when it was shut up for the ...t. He unquestionably stepped into the back ...om the saloon during the evening and re... ...ained there till the saloon was closed. The in... ...dividual then left the saloon and went down ...the packing room for salting down meat. ...Crackers are visible in the counting of saloon the ...amount of the taxes. ...the saloon was closed ...the night, he went through a trunk belonging ...Mr. Weisel's barkeeper, getting about $80 in ...cash. He helped himself to a bottle of ale, broke ...the head off, drank the ale and left the bottle. He ...then let out by way of a back door by removing ...a window sash, which he stood up in a corner, and re... ...placed it in its usual prop. On the rear platform be... ...tween the building and the P. T. Co.'s wharf he ...found some sacks lying on the floor, three of ...which he took into the store room where a lot of ...clothing and hams were hanging. He filled ...the sacks with hams, leaving the third on ...the floor, and then retired with his booty through ...the door which opens on A street near the P. ...T. Co.'s warehouse, and made off, apparently by ...way of a board at the stairs leading down from ...the wharf to the lower dock floor. As near as ...can be ascertained he got about a dozen hams, ...which added to the eighty dollars, coin, constitu... ...the entire booty found. ...

...ING WONDERS."—With several gen... ...tlemen connected with the press, we called by in... ...vitation yesterday, upon Miss Anna Swan, the ...tall Nova Scotian Giantess, Mons. Joseph, the French ...dwarf, and Major Green, the American dwarf, ...all the Circassian girl, Miss Lutz, are ...the "great living wonders." We find that ...the reputations of the business agent, Mr. ... ...lions of the business agent, Mr. ...are not exaggerations. They are, indeed, ...specimens of wonderful people. Think of stand... ...ing eight feet seven or will ever see again so ...much as Miss Joseph stands about 8 feet, ...Major Green, the American dwarf, ...is a perfect arrow, well proportioned, muscu... ...lar, and in point of surplus flesh or fat; is of ...a very genial disposition, converses in a lively vein, ...is quick upon wit and facetion and is alto... ...gether a "fellow well met"; as you will ...find in your journey. Major Green is a trifle ...over two feet in height, and Commodore Nutt, but not so heavy, ...is much more perfect proportions. He is ...a Tennessean, born of Virginia parents, ...and is well known with the dwarfs of the world. In consequence of ...the death of Miss Lutz, the Circassian ...beauty did not call upon her. All four ...will appear at Armory Hall to-day and ...

...—The Portland Postoffice has ...ders to make office since February, 1866; ...first class office only for three or ...The following is a statement of the ...by the money order depart... ...ay 18, 1865 to June 15, 1870, ...ay 15, 1865, to March 15, 1869 (period ...four years), when Mr. Wakefield took ...number of orders issued was 8,... ...

...15, 1869, to June 15, 1870, (period ...) the number of orders issued was ...

...ders for this period $93,690 88. ...ds for the same $534 40. ...ders drawn on this office and paid ...$59,684 48. ...other Postoffices since March ...them to pay money orders ...their funds on hand were insuffi... ...

...$166,314 76. ...ming above a sufficient reserve, ...California by every steamer, and ...drawn and closed every Saturday. ...correct record of every order ...d of every advice received and paid has ...in the office, and a copy furnished the ...Washington. Some idea will be ...from the above of the immense amount ...by Mr. Wakefield and his dep...

...INTELLIGENCE.—From the *Christian* ...A Wilbur will preach at the Con... ...at 11 o'clock to-morrow (Sab...

...gational Association commenced its ...at Corvallis, on Thursday last. ...will hold a camp-meeting on ...Valley camp-ground, to commence on ...the Sabbath of July. ...Flint will hold a camp-meeting on the ...Camp ground, to commence the ...on the fourth Sabbath of July. ...A. M. E. Church—Corner of Hall and ...Sabbath School at 9½ A. M., ...at 11 o'clock A. M., and at 7½ P. M. ...Churchill, Pastor. ...

...—Taylor street M. E. Church, ...and Third streets. Sunday ...at 11 o'clock. Sabbath School at ...morning service at 7½ o'clock. Rev. ...Talbot. ...

...will hold a camp-meeting near ...on the Hillsboro Circuit, to commence ...the 29th day of July. He will be ...by Presiding Elder and others. ...people are invited to attend. ...

...Band.—As is always the case ...comes before our public for a ...was filled last night, on the oc... ...casion. The Day after the Wedding ...pieces presented, in both of ...which they took leading parts. She ...in the first piece a touch of her ...power as a dramatist. In the ...character the personated is far out of ...her line, nevertheless, very ...and pleasing in it. Alladin is an ex... ...travagant and laughable ...piece, as extravagant and ridiculous and ...pleasing as could be desired. ...The play, however, was made ...by Mrs. Drake in the character of Widow Twankay, ...which she certainly came out strong. Vinson ...was a lovely burlesque Sultan, frequently con... ...vulsing the house with laughter. Miss Annie ...Fahey was a charming Pekoe, and Miss Minnie ...Drake as the Princess with excellent success. ...The piece will be performed again to-night, when ...we presume it will make her last appearance for the ...season. ...

...Court—Upton, Judge.—Friday, June ... ...State of Oregon vs Wm. Spence, Thos. Trainor ...and Chas. Ingalls; plea of not guilty entered. ...State of Oregon vs Ah Sang, Yik Gun and ...Ah Lee; 1st indictment; given till to-morrow ...morning. ...Parties—2d indictment—given till to ...morrow morning. ...State of Oregon vs Sam'l Nevill; defendant dis... ...charged. ...Kaufman et al, vs Chas. Goodnough; ...Suit of plaintiff, $784 17. ...State of Oregon vs Wm. Maroney; the order ...in the case of bail heretofore entered, set aside, ...and case arraigned and given till to-morrow to ...plead. ...Lloyd Briney vs L. M. Starr; most of the ...day was in the examination of witnesses; ...closing of testimony concluded; argument set ...for to-morrow. ...Court adjourned till 9 o'clock A. M., Saturday. ...

...Matinee.—Programme 23d Infantry, ...to be rendered Saturday, June 18, 7 o'clock P. M.: ...1. The 14th N. Y. National Guard Quickstep. ...2. St. Louis Polka. ...3. The Heart Bowed Down, "Bohemian Girl." ...4. Quadrille, from La Belle Helene.—*Offenbach.* ...5. The Coronation March, from Le Prophete.—*Meyerbeer.* ...6. Virginia Waltzes. ...7. Come where my love lies dreaming. ...8. Ballet Steiler Galop.

...Methodist Church holds a service to-mor... ...row at 10½, when a communion service at 3 ...o'clock will be administered. The evening service is omitted. During the ab... ...sence of the Pastor the Sunday School is contin... ...ued from time to time there will be lay ar... ...rangements as may be given notice of ...

...Sabbath School Festival and Exhibition.—The *Advocate* says: The Committee in charge of the Sabbath School Exhibition at the First M. E. Church, announces the following Exercises, to commence at 8 P. M., next Wednesday evening:

Part 1st—Singing; Declamation by Eddie Northrup; "The Ninety Motto Makers A Floral Piece, introducing about 90 children; Singing; Intermission thirty minutes.

Part 2d—Singing; "The Motto Bearers, by a class of eleven; Readings by Master Georgie De Vore, Singing, by Willie Anderson; Intermission thirty minutes.

Part 3d—Singing; "Auction," by a class of nine; 250,000,000 Children to be sold; Singing.

Ice Cream and Refreshments may be had in the Infant Class Room during intermission.

Items in Brief.—The barks *Live Yankee* and *H. C. Beers* are at Astoria, loaded with lumber, ready to go to sea; destination, San Francisco.

The steamer *California* brought up fifteen bags of mail matter.

Chief Engineer Holman received by the steamer a new and elegant Fireman's Hat, manufactured to order at New York. It is on exhibition at Ned Wicks' saloon.

A team attached to a load of railroad iron, backed off the bridge at East Portland, yesterday, into ten foot water. The team was rescued, but the wagon and iron are still at the bottom.

St. Mary's Academy.—The annual examination of the scholars of the Sisters of Jesus and Mary, at St. Mary's Academy, will take place says the *Sentinel*, on the 23d, 24th and 27 inst., from 9 o'clock A. M., till noon, and from 1 till 5 o'clock P. M. The exhibition, to which only ticket holders are admitted, will take place on the 28th, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M. In this connection we learn that the examination and exhibition of the pupils of St. Mary's Academy, in Salem, conducted by the same religious order, will commence on the 23th inst.

Odd Fino Theatre.—For the matinee this afternoon, Box and Cox and The Invisible Prince are announced. In the interlude, a song; and dance by Misses Annie and Minnie Pixley. In the evening the last appearance of Mrs. Bates in Casts (for the last time), and the laughable burlesque of Alladin: with song and dance by the Pixley Sisters. Next Monday evening, Colleen Bawn in which Miss Lizzie Ingalls will make her *debut*.

Vancouver Seminary—Annual Exercises.—Rev Clark Smith, Principal of this school, announces that the annual examination of the classes in this Seminary will take place June 30th and July 1st. Address before the Literary Societies, by Rev. H. K. Hines. Exhibition and Graduating exercises, July 1st at 2 P. M. Annual meeting of the Board of Trustees, July 1st, at 2 P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Boltens.—Judge Trainor, of East Portland, published a card in which he speaks with severity of certain prominent Democrats, W. W. Thayer and Nat. H. Lane, who, he says, "bolted their ticket against me, and voted for a Republican in my place." We should think that a man who has stood unflinchingly by his party as Judge Trainor has done, has a right to feel aggrieved at such treatment.

Sale of Homestead Property.—The sale, by Mr. A. B. Richardson, of lots in McMinnville, hitherto advertised to take place at McMinnville, on Tuesday, June 21st, has been postponed till Wednesday, June 29th, when it will take place at Mr. Richardson's sales rooms in this city. We call the attention of all interested to the new advertisement.

Oregon Central Railroad.—The *Commercial* says: "We have authority to state that the corps of civil engineers employed for the purpose have completed the survey and the estimate for the construction of the first twenty miles of the Oregon Central Railroad—from Portland to McMinnville and Astoria."

Portland Library.—The following new books have been added to the Portland Library to day: Reminiscences of A. J. Hamilton; Life and Letters of Faraday, by Dr. Bruce Jones; Memorial Addresses of Wm. Pitt Fessenden; Scott's Poetical Works, and Patent Office Report, Vol. 1, 1863.

The River.—Telegrams to the *Commercial*, yesterday, state that at Umatilla the river fell about one inch the preceding night; at Wallula it fell, in same time, two inches, and at the Dalles five inches. The back water here has scarcely commenced yet to recede.

Personal.—Dr. Carpenter, of Salem, who went to Washington to attend the National Medical Convention, as a Representative of the Willamette Medical College, returned by the last steamer. He was one of only two representatives from the Pacific coast.

Republican Call.—Republicans will notice the call for Ward meetings to be held to-day. Let there be a full attendance, and let good men be nominated.

Inclosure.—Mr. St. John is having a high board fence built around the U. S. court house block. We judge that it is to be only temporary.

CURRENT NOTES.

The Connecticut Fish Commissioners have contracted with Seth Green to put forty million salmon eggs in the Connecticut this season, and will also stock Farmington river.

Amasa Goodyear, of Naugatuck, Connecticut, father of "India rubber" Goodyear, is claimed as the first button maker in America. He made pewter buttons about 1800, and afterwards patented a brass or copper eye to them.

The Mobile *Register* calls Gen. Sherman "the gentleman who 'marched to the sea' with only raw militia and buttermilk cavalry on the way to prevent him." And yet the *Register* is a red-hot organ of "last ditch" Democracy.

A Southern paper, which is evidently quite sound, remarks that the Republican party is a living, active power, and unwilling to watch and wait, follows the leadings of its own bounding vitality in the passionate strength of the up-and-doing.

There has been some unpleasantness between the young men and young ladies of Oxford, Benton county, Indiana, and the ladies now march around the town accompanied by fife and drum, entirely independent of their masculine friends.

Anthony Froude concludes his history of the Reformation in England, by saying: "The worst legacy which princes or statesmen could leave a people would be a finished form of Government—one in which progress was neither desired or needed.

Only three of the newspapers of Illinois have taken position against the adoption of the new Constitution of that State, and two of them base their opposition on the ground that it recognizes the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Very nice kid gloves can be bought in Paris, at retail, for two francs. The manufacturers of French kid gloves are in despair, they having overstocked the market for a long time to come, so that the prices, there is every reason to believe, will go still further down.

An immense antediluvian forest has been discovered near Pacific City, Iowa, about fourteen inches below the surface. The trees are all lying in one direction, their tops toward the west. They are black as jet, and capable of receiving a high polish. There seems to be an inexhaustible supply, as experiments for miles around reveal them to the search.

Miss Phoebe Cozzens is one of the shrewdest as well as handsomest of the advocates of Woman's Rights and Female Suffrage. She has her ready quotations from the Bible to meet objectors who rely upon that authority. For instance, she demonstrates that man's sphere, biblically laid down, is to do housework, and especially to "wash the dishes," by this scriptural allusion (see 2d Kings, xxi, 13)—"I will wipe Jerusalem as a man wipeth a dish; wiping it, and turning it upside down."

An additional lot of those handsome suits worn by everybody, both heavy and light weight, was received by Kohn & Fichtel, No. 91 Front street. They are equal to the best custom-made and pleasing to all men that wear them. They also received an extra fine lot of striped calico shirts and fine white shirts.

Their stock in clothing is the largest and finest in Oregon and sold at extreme low prices.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,
Office, No. 64 Front Street,
Adjoining the Telegraph Office. ... Portland, Oregon.
REAL ESTATE DEALER,
Special Collector of Claims.

The Purchase and Sale of REAL ESTATE, of every description situate in the city and East Portland, as well as IMPROVED FARMS and VALUABLE UNCULTIVATED LANDS, located in all parts of the State, will receive the most constant attention.

Investments in Real Estate and Best Property made for parties here and correspondents.

Loans negotiated on approved Security.

All kinds of Financial and General Agency Business transacted.

Houses, Stores and other property Leased, and Rents collected.

Accounts, Notes, Bonds, Drafts, and all other Claims throughout Oregon and the Territories, WILL BE MADE A SPECIALTY AND PROMPTLY COLLECTED and the proceeds punctually remitted.

MR. W. F. BROWN is my duly authorized Agent for the Collection of Accounts, Notes and other Claims, and will act as my assistant in the Real Estate and all other Business.

All parties having business to transact will please apply at the office.

No. 64 Front St., Portland, Oregon.
WILLIAM DAVIDSON.
feb16dw1f

DR. J. H. BATCH,
DENTIST,
...

The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.

Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.

NITROUS OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE—No. 109 First street, opposite the Post-Office
mh14wtf

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,
Dentist.
DENTAL ROOMS,
No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon

The Late and Improved Styles of work at Reduced Rates. Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless Extraction of Teeth. ap12tf

The Confession of an Invalid—Published for the benefit of Young Men, and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself, and sent free of charge. Address, enclosing a post-paid envelope only, with three cent stamps, JONATHAN Y. Goold, San Francisco, Cal.
my11dlm

G. A. R.—Portland Post No. 33.—Regular meetings on First and Third Saturday evenings of each month, in third story, No. 102 First street. All comrades in good standing invited to attend.
By order of
POST COMMANDER.

U. A. O. D.—Regular meetings of Mocsia Grove, No. 2, on Thursday evening of each week, at 7½ o'clock, in Druid's Hall, First street, near Stark. Members of sister Lodges and sojourning Brethren are cordially invited to attend.
LEE A. SHAW, N. A
A. H. KALLENBERG, R. S
my24tf

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of
W. C. T.

Multnomah Tribe No. 3, I. O. R. M. holds regular Councils every Monday evening at the Eighth Run, at Oregon Wigwam, in Carter's building, corner Alder and Front Sts.
my3dtf By order of THE SACHEM.

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the I. O. are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 10 North Front street.
By order of M. E. H. P

MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.

Essays for Young Men, on the positional attraction of the sexes, and the happiness of True Marriage, when perfect manhood and perfect womanhood unite to consecrate the union. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, box P, Philadelphia, Pa.
je13dawly

The Wear and Tear of Business Life.

The cares and labors of business life are apt to fell severely upon the health and constitution of the ardent, energetic business man, and when the need of some sustaining agent is felt, stimulants that cause only a temporarily exhilaration, and leave the system in a state of partial collapse when their first effect has passed off, are too often resorted to. As certainly as fire leaves behind it a residium of ashes, the use of the adulterated liquors of commerce produces premature exhaustion and decay. Touch them not. Tone and regulate the overtaxed vital machinery with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. In that wholesome elixir, the alcoholic element, which is the purest derivable from any source, is tempered by the choicest tonic, pectant, and bilious and anti-febrile vegetable extracts and juices. To strengthen, recruit, solace and purify the system is the mission of the great vegetable specific. When the stomach is in a healthy state the bile flows regularly, the bowels perform their offices properly, and the telegraphic fibres of the nervous system are in perfect working order, an enormous amount of labor can be borne without labor or inconvenience, and the direct effect of the Bitters is to promote this vigorous condition of the functions upon which the nourishment of the body, and its power of endurance mainly depend. The great tonic and alterative is, therefore emphatically recommended for its remarkable strengthening properties, to all upon whom the responsibilities of life press heavily, and who feel like fainting under the burthen. All truly appetites, a splendid digestion, elastic spirits, and a marvellous ability to withstand fatigue, are among the blessings justly ascribed to the renovating operation of this palatable and powerful cordial, indeed there is nothing in the materia medica that can be compared with it.

NO. 102, COR. ALDER AND FRONT,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

House and Lot 8, Block 83, (Gotch) $1,675 00
N ½ of Lot 2, Block 57, with Store 1,000 00
New Fire Proof Building and lots 7 & 8, H 205, 6,250 00
Lots 2, 3, 4, H 71 (Colonel's add) 1,600 00
S ½ B. 137 (Couch's add) 1,400 00

Some VERY DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY, one-fourth down, balance in equal monthly (or) months without interest, giving from three to four years to pay for a SPLENDID HOME.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FINE DAIRY RANCH, 13½ miles from the city, with Stock and Fixtures, Milk Trade worth $250 per month, at a Bargain.

360 acres; 400 acres in prairie; 500 acres under fence; 220 acres in wheat and oats; 40 acres beaver dam land; 30 acres good meadow land; three large orchards, three dwelling houses, three good barns and plenty of sheds for stock, four good horses, wagons, cattle, sheep, hogs, one-half threshing machine and farming tools. Price, $15 per acre; $6,000 down, balance in two years at one per cent. per month, secured by mortgage on land.

Give us a call, we think we have something in the way of homes to suit every body.
my28dtf FARRISH & ATKINSON.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES!
JUST ARRIVED
THE PYRAMIDE HAT!
SOFT HARVARD HAT!
PEARL CHRISTY, (Felt Band)
PEABODY (Dramte).
BOYS' SAILOR, Limited Straw,
AT
MEUSSDORFFER'S.
jun14tf

P. VAN FRIDACH,
FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS
STORE,
No. 105 FIRST STREET,
Opposite the Postoffice. dtf

For Sale.
For Sale.

A FEW ELEGANT HOMESTEAD LOTS in Portland, and a FARM at Sheridan, Yamhill county, Oregon.
Apply to DR. R. GLISAN,
Cor. Front and Washington Sts., up stairs
d14d6m

Boots & Shoes.

PROTZMAN BROS.,
No. 121 FRONT STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON

ANOTHER SPRING STOCK
OF
BOOTS & SHOES
JUST OPENED OUT.

THIS IS THE SECOND FULL AND ASSORTED Stock received this Spring
We beg leave to assure our customers that we will keep our store
ALWAYS FULL.
And our Goods shall be of
FIRST QUALITY IN THE MARKET.

Those who have not heretofore dealt with us are respectfully invited to call and examine our goods
We challenge competition in prices, quality and assortment
my11tf.

IMMENSE SPRING STOCK
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
LATEST STYLES
JUST ARRIVED PER STEAMER MOSES TAYLOR, comprising the
MARI ANTOINETTE,
SHOETEES,
PRINCE ARTHUR,
And many others too numerous to mention, which we invite you all to call and examine.
P. S.—We have positively the largest and best selection, and are qualified to sell cheaper than any House north at San Francisco.

KAST & CAHALIN,
PHILADELPHIA BOOT AND SHOE
STORE.
118 Front street, and 121 First street,
my4 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

OREGON STEAM BREWERY,
FORMERLY "MASON'S."

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM OUR PATrons and the public generally that in addition to our
Favorably Known Philadelphia XXX Ale and XX (Cream and Flat) Ale.
We are now fully prepared to fill orders for
BEER AND PORTER
In Packages of all sizes and of the VERY BEST QUALITY, at the following prices, viz:

Beer, Cream and Flat..... 40c per gal
Porter (Superior Article)..... 50c " "
XXX Philadelphia Stock Ale. 50c " "
XX (Cream and Flat)..... 40c " "

All orders received at DR. A. H KALLENBERG'S DRUG STORE, 73 First street, given to the driver, or received by mail, will meet with prompt attention.
Very respectfully,
my8-dtf SHAW & CO.
Successor to C. C. Smart.

FIREWORKS!
AND
FLAGS!
FOR THE
FOURTH OF JULY.
S. J. McCORMICK
HAS JUST RECEIVED, EX "LIVE YANKEE," Eleven cases
FIREWORKS AND FLAGS!
Comprising every variety of Pyrotechnics from a Fire Cracker to a Flying Dragon! are fully warranted
The Best in the Market!
FIREWORKS put up in assorted lots at $20, $30, $40, $50 to $500, according to display required, and at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.
FLAGS:

COTTON FLAGS, from..... 75c to $7 50 per Dozen
DELAINE " ..... $1 00 to 9 00 "
BUNTING " ..... 5 00 to 15 00 "

All orders must be accompanied by cash or responsible reference.
S. J. McCORMICK,
je3dawtw 106 Front Street.

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!
Wanted! Wanted! Wanted!
K. BROS. K. BROS. K. BROS.
WANT 500,000 LBS WOOL!

FARMERS AND TRADERS TAKE NOTICE WE will pay the Highest Cash Price for WOOL, FURS, HIDES, &c.
N. B. We have constantly on hand a quantity of BURLAPS, BURLAP BAGS, DUNDEE GUNNIES, GRAIN SACKS, WOOL BAGS, Etc., Etc., Etc.,
Which we offer to the Trade at the Lowest Market Prices
ROSELAND BROS.
No. 183 First street,
ap2dtf Old Fellows Temple, Portland, Oregon.

GEO. H. HIMES
WILL
94 FRONT ST. PRINT 94 FRONT ST.
Books, Pamphlets, Bill-Heads, Letter Heads, Cards, Circulars Programmes, Posters and Law Blanks of all Kinds at "Chicago prices, freight added." All kinds of Blank Books made to order.
fe16dtf

NEW PLANING & MOULDING MILL
Corner North Second and K Sts.
Notice to Builders and Contractors.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL sorts of Finishing Cedar Lumber, Cedar Ceiling, and all sizes of Cedar Moulding, and all kinds of Fence Pickets made to order on the shortest notice.
We guarantee our Lumber to be the best in market and at prices to suit the times. All orders from country or town can be left with A. NOAH,
Corner North Second and K streets.
All orders for DOORS and SASH will be received and attended to promptly
ap2-dtf

Croquet Sets and Children's Carriages
JUST RECEIVED, EX IDA F TAYLOR, FROM New York. By
fe7dawtf E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Wants.

Wanted,
1,200 CORDS OF COTTON WOOD STAVE Timber delivered at St. Johns Factory, 3 miles East of ST. JOHNS, Oregon, June 12, 1870.
B. O. SE FRANCE
je14d1w

Laborers Wanted.

ONE HUNDRED LABORERS CAN FIND IMMEdiate employment on the Oregon and California Railroad. Enquire of Statt'n Agent at East Portland
H. THIELSEN, Supt.

Wanted.

AN EXPERIENCED UPHOLSTERER AND ONE or two Mattress makers can find immediate employment at
EMILE, LOW & NELSON & CO.
First St., between Yamhill and Taylor
Portland, Or., June 8, 1870. je9dtf

Information Wanted

OF C. W. SHANE, LATE OF CLATSOP COUNTY. He, or any one else, will suffer in favor by furnishing the address of their firm.
je9dtf

Grocers.

R. G. SNEATH,
Wholesale Grocer,
82 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Goods by the Package
FOR CASH AT
San Francisco Prices and Freight.
Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired
Portland, May 1, 1867. 256dawtf

G. VENARD,
CHARTRES COFFEE!
Manufactory Established in June, 1851.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND GROUND AND ROASTED COFFEE, GREEN COFFEE of the best qualities. CREAM OF TARTAR and SPICES of all sorts.

The undersigned, who has always enjoyed public confidence for the excellent quality of his Coffee, neglects nothing to justify the good name acquired by his productions, the sale of which daily increases. The acknowledged superiority of his merchandise, which commands there, and in the markets of the interior, a relatively higher price, excites the cupidity of some manufacturers, and every day he sees increasing the number of those who, by counterfeit or imitation of his mark, seek to deceive the public, palming upon them their infamous productions for the genuine G. VENARD CHARTRES COFFEE. This fraud can deceive nobody after a trial, but only adds to the favorable opinion of the consumers, the very flattering homage and willing testimony of the counterfeiters. Nevertheless, buyers should be forewarned, and placed on their guard against this practice.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Each package bears the signature of G. VENARD.
H. G. SNEATH,
Wholesale Grocer,
82 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,
Has been appointed Agent for the Sale of VENARD'S COFFEE AND SPICES my14dp1f

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
No Bread sent from hereafter will be considered STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

Farm for Sale.

320 ACRES OF LAND, IN JACKSON COUNty, for sale or exchange for city property. It is in the suburbs of Gasburg. Gasburg, like the beaver, is all "terminus." The branch of the Central Pacific Railroad will intersect the Oregon and California road at Gasburg. The Oregon Central will run through it, as does the stage road now, and many a railroad as yet unthought of, will find its "terminus" in Gasburg. The warm and dry winters, the mild Italian summers, the lasting spring water at short intervals, the lofty peaks of the Cascades on the east, the Coast Range on the west, the broad and fertile valleys on the north and south, and last, but not least, the inexhaustible forests in every hand, make it naturally one of the finest "terminuses" that ever was attached onto the "other end of any railroad. Also a one-third interest in a water-ditch and forty acres of mining lands, which have been worked for nine years and never failed to pay a dividend. Strawberries 5 cts. per pound; ONE MULE at 20 cts. per pound, and groceries in proportion.
OATMAN & CO

PUGET SOUND
HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION.

President ..... GEO CROOK
Vice President ..... WM. DIEDRDORFF
Secretary ..... D. P. PERRY
Treasurer ..... J H HATCH.
Directors:
GEO CROOK, A H NICKERSON
P W GILLETTE, WM DIEDRDORFF,
A. H KALLENBURG

THE PUGET SOUND HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION has secured
2,500 ACRES OF LAND!
At the FOUR PRINCIPAL POINTS on PUGET SOUND,
OLYMPIA, STEILACOOM,
TACOMA and SEATTLE,
And on the Line of the Proposed Railroad from Portland to the Sound.
The Shares are so low, $100, and payable in eight small installments, $5 each, as to place them within the reach of every one. The Shares are
UNASSESSABLE!
Except to the limited amount of $25 per Share, which can only be called for to defray actual necessary expenses and not more than $2 during any one month.
Each Share represents
10 ACRES OF LAND!
No person is allowed to own more than ten shares, as that it is impossible for speculators to control the Association. A few Shares, remaining unsold, can be had by applying to the Secretary,
D. P. PERRY,
No. 33 First St., Portland.
my14d1f

HURCREN & SHINDLER,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE AND BEDDING, Mirrors, Mouldings and Upholstery Goods
WAREROOMS—166, 168, 170 and 172, corner of Salmon and First streets.
Our assortment of Furniture is the best in this city To such buyers we offer important inducements. Case Goods at San Francisco prices and freight. my14d1f

H. SINSHEIMER,
CORNER SALMON AND FRONT STS.,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
AGENT FOR THE SALE of the Celebrated JENNY SON PIANO.
Which are pronounced by the National Pianoforte Association, after a thorough trial to be fully equal to those with the first manufacturers of the country the
BEST PIANO IN AMERICA!
Also, Agents for MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS. Keep constantly on hand all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. VIOLIN and GUITAR STRINGS, which I import direct from Europe and will sell to the Trade at less than San Francisco prices
Pianos Tuned, Repaired and Rented. fe26dawtf

Newspaper Ink.
2,000 LBS NEWSINK IN 50 LB. KEGS
For sale by
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 4 Washington street Portland
BOOTS AND SHOES, for sale by
je8 W. CORBETT & CO.

Commission.

L. CHEADLE, Albany. R. CHEADLE, San Francisco
NOTICE
TO ALL PERSONS DESIRING A
MARKET FOR THEIR PRODUCE:
R. CHEADLE, SAN FRANCISCO, WILL RE... only all kinds of Produce that may be consigned to him for sale, thinking this a recommend.
L. CHEADLE, ALBANY, OREGON, will attend to filling orders that may be left with him at that place.
GOODS AT A BARGAIN,
Either at L. Cheadle's, Albany, or R Cheadle's, San Francisco.
N. B.—Mark Goods, "Care R. C., S. F., No 1010 Market and Eddy St." mar2dtf

Watches and Jewelry.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES
OF
Fine Watches & Rich Silverware!
B. L. STONE,
107 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.

OFFERS FOR SALE AT REDUCED rates, a fine l

Letter About Oregon.

The following letter written from this city, by O. St. Phelps, appeared in the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* of June 2

PORTLAND, Oregon, May 10, 1870.

This whole Pacific coast is so tectotally different from the Atlantic coast, that every new-comer is now both amazed and disappointed, some agreeably and others disagreeably. And the people here, too, are unlike the rest of mankind, in more respects than one. We rate and reckon them thus good, better, best; *bad, worse, worst.* They are a congregation of all nationalities. Greed for gold rushed them all Pacific-wards. But of the "millions" who have visited this coast since 1848, we may truthfully say that nine hundred out of every thousand were unsuccessful, and therefore disappointed. But notwithstanding this, I know of no better country than this for an enterprising new beginner or a poor man to settle in. And wherefore?

First. Because the fee simple of the soil is within the reach of every one, be he poor or rich, black or white. I read in "An Act to secure Homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain," the following: "That any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws of the United States, and who has never borne arms against the United States government, or given aid and comfort to its enemies, shall, from and after the first of January, 1863, be entitled to enter one quarter section (160 acres,) or less quantity of unappropriated public lands, upon which said person may have filed filed a pre-emption claim, &c., &c. And by a residence and the cultivation of said 160 acres of land for the period of five years, and on the payment of ten dollars, he shall be entitled to a government patent thereof.

Second.—Because Oregon is provided with a general and efficient system of common school instruction; the education of the children of the working classes being provided by levying a tax on all the taxable property in every county. Public schools, supported by the funds, are established in all save the most sparsely settled localities; and private schools, academies, colleges, and seminaries are now also maintained.

Third.—Because labor is more remunerative and better rewarded here than almost anywhere else; and besides, the country is alive with birds and beasts; the streams with fish; the forests with elk, deer, and other wild game. And in the Spring and Fall the air is literally filled with wild geese, pigeons, pheasants, &c.

Lastly.—Because Oregon's mountains are among the highest, Oregon's hills the roughest, Oregon's valleys and prairies the rarest and richest, Oregon's flocks and herds, pigs and poultry the fairest and fatest, Oregon's grasses and grains, fruits and flowers, fish, rivers and creeks, climate and cold, summers and winters, days and nights, seed-time and harvest, all are of the very best.

Again, in new countries, the emigrant here must expect to rough it and tough it, on the start at least; but, with due diligence, good management, and the blessing of God, prosperity will attend him

We have tried Oregon now fourteen months, and the longer we live here the better we like her; and so with our family. True, we are occasionally troubled with a sickness popularly termed "nostalgia;" but I never read about, or heard of, any person dying thereof. We often long to tread the pavements of Buffalo, Rochport, and St. Catharines, and see familiar faces, and talk therein with old friends and loved ones. And we have had our dark days here; but, thank God they are now over.

The Democracy on Naturalization.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

The Democratic papers are not only unhappy but belligerent over the Naturalization law adopted by Congress, stigmatizing it as a gross outrage upon the rights of States, and, what touches them more nearly, a step that will overthrow the ascendency of their party. Carefully keeping out of sight the earliest provisions of the Constitution—that venerable document to which they so often appeal as being violated by the recent legislation—they seek to make the people believe that any interference with State action in the matter of aliens is an act of atrocious usurpation. Let us suggest to these irate partisans a study of section eight of the First Article of the original Constitution—the section defining the powers of Congress. We copy:

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power:

4. *To establish a uniform rule of naturalization,* and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States.

17. *To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or officer thereof.*

The naturalization of aliens by the State authority has been permitted only by Congress, just as many other acts have been permitted. But if States only have this power, then the logical deduction from the language of the whole section is that States only can declare war, maintain armies and navies, coin money, regulate commerce, establish post-offices, fix uniform bankrupt laws, and so on. These patrons of McCann's naturalization will know very well that they speak falsely when they say Congress has no power over the making of citizens. They attempt a petty deception that cannot affect any intelligent person, but hope to impress their blindfolded foreign-born voters with the idea that a Republican Congress is wreaking vengeance upon them for voting early and often for the Democracy. And they urgently ask: "Democrats of the Empire State, will you submit to these outrages?" We venture to answer, "They will; and every honest Democrat who has time and again found his vote neutralized by the fraudulent ballots of men who vote twice and thrice when they had not a shadow of right to vote at all, will sustain the law and rejoice in its existence." The gamblers in fraud, men's naturalization papers, the McCanns and Tweeds who make our elections a farce, are naturally indignant, for they know that this is no waste-paper law, but one, with its accompanying election law, it will be enforced out to the letter. They know that even if the worst of their followers are restricted to a single vote, the votes of honest men will largely outnumber them. The Belshazzar of Tammany sees the Handwriting on the Wall, and his knees grow weak; his kingdom, weighed in the balances and found wanting, is doomed.

GREAT MEMORY.—The Albany *Evening Journal* has lost its editor, Geo. W. Demers, who died at Troy, New York, on the morning of May 25th. He was a man of much ability, but chiefly renowned for his memory, which was wonderful for its power and retentiveness. The *Journal* says.

He often reported speeches and lectures with the most perfect verbal accuracy, from memory alone. Upon one occasion, Dr. Magoon, recently of this city, delivered a lecture in Troy on the *Architecture of the Middle Ages.* It was full of technical phrases and characteristic eccentricities; but it was published the next day in the exact words of the lecturer, to the astonishment of the Doctor, and to the wonder of all who knew the circumstances under which it was written out. Upon another occasion, the late Gov. Raymond delivered a speech in Troy which he desired reported. He took Mr. Underhill with him for that purpose. Mr. Demers heard the speech, but took no notes of it. The next morning he wrote in full, and Mr. Raymond adopted it in preference to the report of the stenographer. This faculty was of much assistance to him in his professional labor, and contributed greatly to the accuracy and interest of his editorials upon statistical and historical subjects.

The Montreal *Witness* says of the Fenian raid: "But for the shame of allowing our soil to be invaded, and the sufferings of the farmers who would be plundered by the invaders, it is generally thought, and we believe the military authorities have urged, that it would have been good policy to allow the Fenians to advance unmolested into the country, even as far as the St. Lawrence, if they chose, and then assemble a sufficient force around them, either to cut off their retreat or to pursue them with signal vengeance to the lines."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, Friday, June 17, 1870

Gold is quoted to-day at New York 112½.

Legal Tenders 89 cents.

Matters at New York.

We take the following from the *Alta* (15th) New York letter, dated June 4

"Although there are but two ships loading for a war port, since Francisco, the aggregate freights in connection therewith is very large, and deserves notice at a passing look each week, while the indications are that the coming summer season will prove the busiest ever experienced in the California trade.

Rates of freight are nominal for most all descriptions of freight, while the average weekly engagements are very large. Shippers refuse to pay the rates demanded, and as the vessels are rather anxious to get off, the engagements generally go a point, but not as closely as they did some weeks ago.

The quotations of rates is still very unsettled. It would not only continue in the trade (and there is only just as at present—for less than that. There is no doubt but the rates will hold firm, on the other hand, if the tide flow with all shops at old secure firm, the rates would again be forced up to what they would pay a reasonable profit to build owners and agent

Since my last the *Era* now has sailed, and I enclose statement of her cargo. Of the vessels to be dispatched this month, the *Herald* of the Morning is the most advanced, and will finish by the 20th inst. The *Flying Dutchman*, to follow in the same line, has about 1200 tons on board, but will not get away before the last part of the month. The *Horizon* is announced for the 15th, and will no doubt be ready by that time. H. B. Sutter has no vessel to follow the *Era* now has sailed, but expects to have one in a day or two. The report that she has the *Valley Rouge* is unfounded.

The offerings during the week include 350 bbls of Crushed Sugar, 1000 260 cans Lard, 1000 lbs Soap, 5000 lbs Candles (Grant & Ropes), 12,0 cans Oysters, and sundry Canned Goods, etc. Of the class of goods going forward, Whisky is offered rather freely. Candles and Nails are moving in moderate lots, the season being nearly over. Canned Goods are going in fair lots, as is also Leaf Tobacco, Petroleum, Cement, Paper, Boots, etc.

Overland freights are a trifle more active than they were last week, but not so much so as they were before the late advance in rates, which has sent a large quantity of freight to the Isthmus route. In advancing the rates, the managers of the railroad made a great mistake, as the steamer rates were low and the season now approaching when there is more freight sent by the short routes than at any other season of the year. This they have discovered, and they are now ascertaining the property of again reducing the rates, which will probably be done in the course of 15 or 20 days. During the week the Northwest road has taken 50 lbs Lemons, 60 bbls Dried Fruit, 25 cs Tobacco, and several large lots of Hats, also some Drugs, etc. From Boston, they have taken 125 pkgs Fish, 15 bls Hops, 20 cs Boots and Shoes, etc. The Rock Island road have taken 645 pkgs including 2 cs Tobacco, the balance being Dry Goods, Domestics, etc.

The offerings for to-day's steamer have been nearly equal to the shipment by the steamer of the 21st ult., shippers having given the Overland route the "go by," owing to the difference in rates; she will have fully 300 tons for your market. The South American freight will not be large, owing to the non-arrival of the mail by the last steamer.

The comparative statement of shipments, via Cape and Isthmus, for the first five months, show a decrease in most all articles enhanced, the only noticeable increase is in Candles, Soap and Star Candles, the shipments of which are much above those of last year. The decrease in Fish, Tobacco, and Boots and Shoes, by these routes are fully made up by the shipments by rail by which route the greater proportion of these articles are sent.

At Boston, there is a perfect stagnation in the California trade, only one vessel is loading, and she is scarcely doing anything.

Our markets present no unusual show of activity, although there is a fair business in progress in different departments, and the aggregate amount of trade is probably as great as is generally anticipated at this season.

Breadstuffs have been more active at higher prices, notwithstanding the large receipts of Wheat, and continued favorable reports tend to strengthen the market. White Wheats are neglected; California is held at $1 80.

Barley is dull, the only demand being for feed. The stock on hand is not large, and is mainly California, which is held at 85@90.

Hops continue to improve. The brewers are about picking up outside lots, and are in many instances paying advance of two to three cents. Those who control the bulk of the stock are hopeful, refusing to show samples unless the buyers are willing to meet full asking prices. The country advices continue to speak in discouraging terms about the growing crop; 45 bales of prime California brought 23c and were shipped to Liverpool on owner's account.

Hides are dull and prices are lower. The sales include 800 Dry California, 21 lbs, on private terms.

Wool does not continue as active as last week, and there has been a shading in prices, as holders are anxious to close out stock before the new clip arrives. The principal business has been in California Wools, for which there has been a good demand from manufacturers, and full prices have been paid. The sales foot up 2?,000 lbs, chiefly spring, at 27@30 for free of burrs, 22@25 for burry, and 22@30 for fall clip.

Wheat and Flour in England.

[From the San Francisco Commercial Herald, June 10]

We append an abstract of the official report of the New York Produce Exchange, for the month of May 20th, from which we collect the following interesting data. The estimated total crop of the United Kingdom, for 1869, amounted to 16,000,000 quarters, in round numbers, and all the reports of May, 1870, 9,221,129 quarters of this crop had been disposed of, leaving 6,778,871 quarters yet to be disposed of. This is equal to 13,430,920 bushels, or less than six months consumption for the kingdom. The stock of wheat and flour had been greatly diminished in the London market since January 1st, 1870, and there was no reason to suppose that an equal, or corresponding diminution had not occurred in other principal importing cities. Should there have been a corresponding diminution, the stock of wheat and flour on hand—would be about 11,470,000 bushels, or less than three weeks consumption supply. This amount, together with the 13,430,920 bushels of the unthreshed home crop, and about 4,000,000 bushels in transit, would give an average supply, for the balance of May, of 29,207,920 bushels, or two months' consumption. It would require two months more before harvest commenced in England, and those two months must be provided for by importations of wheat and flour. It must be remembered that beans, barley, buckwheat, peas, rye and oats enter largely into the consumption of the English, Scotch, Welch and Irish, but that the steady diminution of all these staples in the London market may be understood and compared, the following table has been furnished:

STOCKS OF GRAIN IN LONDON.				
	1870. Jan. 31.	1870. Feb. 28.	1870. Mar. 31.	1870. Apr. 30.
Flour, cwts.	326,000	217,000	200,000	169,000
Wheat, qrs.	462,000	420,000	347,000	259,431
Corn, qrs.	47,700	55,228	50,937	38,644
Oats, qrs.	343,000	308,000	226,102	163,428
Barley, qrs.	57,000	60,000	66,744	42,902
Rye, qrs.	530	1,300	2,511	2,264
Peas, qrs.	17,100	5,200	6,251	6,162
Beans, qrs.	10,000	5,400	4 683	4,020
Buckwheat, qrs.	70	.....	.....	.....
Total Grain, qrs.,	931,040	856,523	693,945	544,438

The rapid decrease of the stock on hand, between January 1st, 1870, and April 30th, 1870, is clearly depicted in the foregoing statement. We have no comments to make but simply state the facts, for the guidance of our farmers, having them to draw their own conclusions. Since writing the above, we get cognizance of the following summons that the wheat crop in central and northern France is unpromising, and a poorer than an average is expected. In the northwest and eastern sections of Russia the prospects of the wheat crop are trending in a number of cases in England land, soon to wheat has been plowed up and seeded to barley, the wheat having perished.

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—Flour—400 sks Genesee XXX family at $6 00.

Wheat—Offered on change to-day at $1 85, but there were no buyers. We quote at $1 60@1 80. The news of the advance in New York and Liverpool created a cheerful feeling in the market, but as the receipts to-day were only 60 sks there is not much to work it on. Sales of 5?5 sks fair, in two lots, at $1 70.

Barley—100 sks new, first of this season, received to-day and sold at $1 22½. We quote $1 17½@1 25.

Oats—Small sales within range of $1 55@1 95 for California.

Potatoes—Sales of 600 sks new crop, in lots, at $1 85@$1 95.

Onions—100 sks new crop at $1 32½; quotable at $1 25 at 50 @ 100 lbs.

Corn—800 sks yellow at $1 42½.

French mackerel, put up in a peculiar manner, are being shipped here to a considerable extent in place of sardines, which have failed this year.

No arrivals or departures from or to Northern ports.

Wholesale and Jobbing Markets.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Seasonable goods—Mowers—Buckeye, $125@160; Clipper $125@150; Union, McCormick, Wood, and other patents, $100@110. Taylor's Sulkey Rake, $47 50; Whitcomb's do do, $40 00. Main's Wisconsin Farm Wagon, $165@185.

Reapers—Buckeye Hand Raker, $125@250; Buckeye Self Raker, $250@?5; Dodge (Ohio Buckeye) Hand and Self Raker, $225@250; other patterns with Hand and Self Rakers $175@250.

Harvesters—Haines' Header, 10 to 12 feet cut, $340@365; Marsh Harvester, $?5.

Threshers—Sweepstakes (improved for 1870) 24 to 40 cylinder $650@900; Pitt's Challenger, 8 to 12 horse power, $600@825. Bell's Tornado, 8 to 10 horse power, $?50@800. Endless Chain Thresher, $450@?5.

Horse Powers—Carey, 4 to 12 horse, $150@250; Pitt's Challenger, 4 to 10 horse-power, $350@?5. Jackson Michigan Farm Wagon, complete box beaker, &c. $140@160; $175, Burt's Sulky Rake, $40 to $45; Hollingsworth Sulky Rake, $45 to $50; Revolving Rake, $4 50 to $12; Wire Horse Rake, $?0 to $75, Hand Rakes, $6 00. Scythes and snaths—Blands, $25 50; $28 00; Grant's Grape Vine Cradles, $47 50; Hay Forks, $3 50 to $13; Barley Fork, Clow's, $16 00; Wilcox, $18 00 doz. Horse Hay Forks, $12 50@14 00.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap bags, 22x36, 12c each; 30x?2x40, 13c; Dundee gunnies, 16½c; linen bagging; per yd, 13½c; burlap, per yd, 11½c.

BUILDING MATERIALS—New Jersey Cement, ? bbl $5 00; Knapp's, $4 00@5 00. Santa Cruz Lime, ? bbl., $2 75; Napa do. do. $2 50. Salt—In Bulk, $5 00; Land, $3 50. Lumber—Assorted redwood, $?@$10; dressed, $?2@30, rough, $?5@30. Laths, $3 per M; cedar shingles, $2 50; redwood shingles, dressed, $4 50@5?; Eastern hard pine, $?2@30.

BROOMS—Oregon make, No. 1, $2 ?5 ? doz.; No. 2, $? ?5 ? doz.; No 3, $? ?5 ? doz. California make—Palmer & Gillespie's, No. 1, $5 50; No. 2, $4 50, No. 3, $3 50. Other makes—No. 1, $5 00; No. 2, $4 50; No. 3, $3 50.

CANDLES—Grants, 19@19½; Emery's, 18c; Kelly's, 14c; Star, 19c; Ward's, 19c; Hawkins', 22; Macy's, 19; Schmidt's 18c; Grant, 18½.

COFFEE—Rio, 20@?2, Costa Rica, 21½@22; Java, 26@27; Jones' Prepared Java, 41; Chartres, 31; Kona, 2?c.

DRUGS—Alum, bbls 6c; borax, Eastern, $?@45c; blue vitriol, 13c; potash, Hamburg, 11b can per box, $2 45; Roots, per bbl, $8@12; saltpetre, kegs, 10@?5c; sulphur 8½@12½.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 16@18; sheetings, 12½@14½; Shootings—Light 12½@13; medium, 13½@14; Standard, 14@15. House lining, 9@10; Bleached sheeting, 3-4, 12½@?; 7-8, 10½@13½; 4-4, 15@?5c. Cotton checks, 13@?5; linen checks, ?5@27. Canton brics, 19½@11. Cotton flannel, bleached, 15½@?5; do brown, 12@?0. Denims, light, ?5@30; do, heavy, 37½@40. Denim, 30@?5. Hickory stripes, 18@25. Standard Prints, 10½@11½; seconds, 9½@10; Delaines, 19½@?0. Ginghams, ?5@37½. Ticks, 1-8, 16½@?2; do, 4-4, ?5@35. Beer duck, ?7. Table linen, damask, brown, 37½@?5; do, damask bleached, 50@87½; Napkins, 37½@$3 50; Scotch linen sacks, 37½@45. Alpaca, black, 37½@?5. Waterproof, 95@1 20. Grash, 12½@16.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails to and from Portland.

SOUTHERN MAILS.

Portland to Lincoln, Cal.—Leaves Portland daily at 6½ A. M.

Arrives at Portland, daily by 6 P. M.

EASTERN MAILS.

Portland to Dalles and Eastern Mails—Leaves Portland at 8 A. M., daily. Sundays excepted

Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted.

COLUMBIA RIVER.

Portland to Astoria—Leaves Portland at 6 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, to arrive at Astoria by 5 P. M. following days

Leaves Astoria on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M., to arrive at Portland by 5 P. M. following days.

PUGET SOUND.

Portland to Monticello, with Mails for Olympia and Victoria—Leaves Portland 6 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

COUNTRY ROUTES.

Portland to Lafayette—Leaves Portland 6 A. M. Mondays and Thursdays.

Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays

Portland to Dayton—Leaves Portland 6 A. M. Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M. Fridays and Mondays.

Portland to Amanda—Arrives at Portland Saturdays at 12 M., and leaves same day at 1 P. M.

Mails received from San Francisco by every steamer of the North Pacific Transportation Company, and mails forwarded by every outgoing steamer of the same company sailing direct for San Francisco.

Reference is had in this notice not to schedule time of arrivals but in usual time that mails are received.

Mails for Dallas and Salt Lake close at 8½ P. M.

Other mails close at 9 P. M.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6½ P. M.; Sundays from 8 to 9 A. M., and 6 to 6 P. M.

Money order office open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Land for Delinquent City Taxes.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN AND BY virtue of a warrant issued by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland and to me directed, and attached to the Tax Roll of the City of Portland, for the collection of taxes levied February 7th, 1870, and remaining unpaid, I will proceed to collect the taxes designated thereon as delinquent and for want of personal property to make said taxes, I have levied upon, and on Thursday, the 21st day of June, 1870, I will sell at public auction, at the Court House door in the City of Portland, Multnomah County, State of Oregon, as much of the following described real and personal property as may be necessary to pay the taxes thereon and all costs and charges of sale, to-wit:

On the 7th day of February, A. D. 1870, and prior thereto, and since, I have been the owner in fee simple of the following named personal and real property, to-wit:

Names.	Lot	Block.	Tax.
Bagard, Francis	SW½	107	(Couch Add)$1 65
Bateman, D	W½	1	1
Bassett, L	Unit	71	61 90
"	"	21	(Car Add) 8
Barnett, Mrs L	Und ½	G	2 50
Baker, P G	3	204	4 4
"	4	204	2 1
"	5	204	4 4
Bloss, Hermon	5	67	7 1
Blumaugh, S C	1	16	2 2
Brown, Wm	6	10	1 1
Brady, A	7	145	6 6
"	8	145	5 5
"	1	146	2 2
"	2	146	2 2
"	3	146	2 2
"	4	146	2 2
Burbank, A R	4	7	1 1
Burbank, T L, estate of	W½	107	(Couch Add)1 65
Brelsford, S A	1	106	1 1
"	2	106	1 1
"	5	106	1 1
"	8	106	1 1
Burch, Amanda	2	21	(Car Add) 7 21
Burch, Chas Jas	5	21	1 1
Barnes, A K	4	12	2 2
Burk, Edwin	4	28	(Couch Add) 5 15
Burk, Catharine	8	9	1 1
Bull, M P	8	85	4 12
Butler, Joseph	3,4	1	1 1
Bothwell, Jas	Sec 18	1 E, 1 acre	2 06
Carter, T J	Und ½	74	10 24
"	Und ½ of N ½	74	2 15
"	"	74	20 93
"	"	14	85 4 12
"	"	14	85 4 12
"	"	15	4 12
"	"	17	(Carter Add) 4 12
"	"	18	4 12
"	"	19	4 12
"	"	20	4 12
"	Und. 80 ft	N	1 03
"	4	21	(Car Add) 8 71
Carter, Hayden & Co	2	225	41 20
Church, Methodist	1,2	23	41 20
Church, Episcopal	1,2,3,4	5,6	56 20
Chapman, Mrs garet F	Sec 14	1 E, 1 acre	61 80
Crawford, James	5	196	1 03
Clark, John	7	85	1 15
Cutting, K	8	106	2 06
Cullen, J, Agent	1	128	4 12
"	2	128	4 12
"	5	128	4 12
"	6	128	4 12
Congdon, F	N½	12	(Car. Add) 3 09
Coffee, Martha L	7	247	6 04
Carrell, Dennis	Front 2	247	6 04
Casey, David	18	1 E, 1 acre,	King's Claim 2 06
Casselberry, Francis, estate of	"	230	acres 133 90
Coffin, Stephen	5	116	5 24
"	6	192	5 28
"	"	282	1 65
"	"	283	1 54
"	"	285	1 54
"	"	286	1 54
"	"	287	1 54
"	"	288	1 54
"	"	289	1 65
"	"	290	1 54
"	"	291	1 54
"	"	299	1 65
"	"	300	1 65
"	"	301	1 65
"	1,2,3,4,5,6	302	1 65
"	"	303	1 65
Barling, H.,	4	24	(Couth Add) 1 65
"	5	24	3 15
DeVore, J. F.,	8 20 ft	6	9 10 38
"	"	3	225 4 12
"	"	4	4 12
Davis, Jacott,	"	183	3 05
Dreitz Bros	5	8	(Car Add) 1 65
Drake, C L	3	42	(Couch Add) 1 13
Dale, R. B.,	1	99	1 1
"	2	99	2 06
"	3	99	1 1
"	4	99	1 1
Dunseth,	NE¼	W	3 06
Dennis, James,	S 200 feet N	12	(Carter's Add)
"	"	"	"
"	"	"	37 com. on Hall st.
"	(50x7	22	3 61
Everding & Beebe,	2	38	3 06
"	3	38	3 06
Finishner, Jacob,	5	23	(Carath Add) 2 06
"	6	23	2 06
Fredericks, Henriotta,	1	55	15 45
"	2	55	15 45
Fine, E. W.,	3	266	6 18
Flegar & Gilkinson,	3	274	32 58
Freeman, Bridget,	5&6	90	(Couch Add.) 1 03
"	7&8	90	1 03
Frazier, Anna,	5	6	1 (Carath Add) 1 03
Fitzpatrick,	4	161	3 09
Grey, Wm.,	7	82	14 43
"	8	82	18 48
Goodenough, Mary,	1	14	108 13
Goodenough, C.,	3	148	9 23
"	4	148	9 23
"	5	148	7 72
"	6	148	7 72
"	1	2	6 12 38
"	1,2,3,4	8	2 09
"	5	8	4 04
"	4	80	(Couch Add) 7 71
"	4	21	(Car Add) 8 71
Gleespin, Thos. W.,	1	196	1 03
Glenton, M.,	2	48	(Couch Add) 1 71
Gore, I. H	3	48	1 1
Gardiner, C. A.,	4	48	1 1
"	5	48	1 1
Gallagher, W. F.,	6	48	1 1
"	7	48	1 1
"	8	48	1 1
"	1	68	1 1
"	2	68	1 1
"	7,8	48	1 1
Barker, J. B	4&5	262	3 09
"	6	262	1 1
Hannah, A R & D B	1	7	90 90
"	2	7	22 60
Hogan, Patrick	4	24	16 45
Hallock, A S	Und ½	17	12 36
"	Und ½	18	12 36
"	"	42	18 54
"	Und ½	24	(Couch Add) 66 66
"	W	all 58	3 00
Halladay, Benj	1	17	82 40
Hoyt, Levy J	4	24	(Couch Add) 1 65
"	5	24	2 06
"	6	24	2 06
"	7	24	2 06
"	8	24	2 06
"	1	219	7 21
"	2	219	7 21
Hill, W Lair	6	116	10 30
Hutchinson, Ed	7	116	8 24
"	8	116	8 24
Hulery, J M	1	2	264 8 24
Hentzel & Hauler	2	A	1 03
"	3	A	1 03
"	4	A	1 03
Harbaugh & Bittsel	5	47	(Couch Add) 1 65
"	6	47	1 65
Healey, Chas H	8½	187	2 06
Higgins, W L	3	1.5	18 54
Hedges, Chas	5	85	4 12
Irving, Robt	2	49	(Couch Add) 1 65
Hunter, Jas	3	49	1 1
King, Adelaide	8	174	8 76
Keith, Matthew	9	50	8 21
Kemper, F	3	230	1 1
"	4	230	1 03
Lowmon, Caroline	7	14	30 90
Lambert & Fykes	8	115	20 60
Lamb, James	1	205	1 55
Lotyes, A M	7	164	2 06
"	8	164	4 64
McCammons, Chas C	6	15	20 50
"	7	15	2 06
"	8	15	20 50
McKay, James	7	18	20 50
McCulley	s 40 ft	7	130 12 50
McQuaid M & J C	acs. 4, 1 E, 1	acres	5 06
McCraken, Merrill & Co	1	4	(Couch's add 22 80
"	2	4	22 80
McCracken, A M	3	51	20 50
McGowen, James	4	99	1 1
McDonald, Julia	3	64	1 1
Mulkey, M F	s 30 ft	4	3 09
"	"	4	220 1 65
"	"	4	170 1 65
Masters, Est of	2,5 of	4	14 36 90
Myrick, Joseph	6	27	20 50
"	0½	7	30 90
Myrick, Maria L	1	87	8 16
"	2	87	8 16
"	3	87	8 16
"	4	87	8 16
"	5	87	8 16
"	6	87	8 16
"	7	87	8 16
"	8	87	8 16
"	Front	8	87 154
Madden, Est of Stivers and ½ of	6	39	26 78
Melvin, Josiah	4	48	19 87
"	5	140	2 61
Marshall Geo	1	168	11 32
Mulkey, Mary E	s ½	7	117 10 06
"	"	5, 6	71 (Carather add) 4 64
Munn, James	5	24	(Couch's add) 1 71
"	6	24	1 71
Miller, Saml	Front	6	A 5 67
Mitchell, J H	3	207	(Caruther add) 4 12
"	"	"	M 2 06
Miller, Mrs Adolph	3	1	(Carather add) 1 18
Moss, J J	5	62	1 1
"	6	62	1 1
Mendenhall J	s 66 ft	2	168 11 32
Magher Anna	6	140	2 58
Mahan Heirs	5	200	2 58
Nash, Sarah,	3	60	(Couch Add) 2 06
Norton, Mrs O,	4	75	1 54
Orchard, John,	N 15 ft	2	35 22 66
Owens, J	2&5	15	(Couch Add) 2 06
and Fellows' Hall Ass'n	1	15	206 00
O C R R,	"	"	(Couch Add) 1 71
"	"	"	J 2 58
"	"	"	K 2 58
"	"	"	L 2 58
"	"	"	M 2 58
"	"	"	N 2 58
"	"	"	A 2 58
"	"	"	B 2 58
"	"	"	F 2 58
"	"	"	G 2 58
"	"	"	H 2 58
"	250x60, adj.	Lumyard,	1 N, 1 E, 3½ acres, 5 81
Owens, J H,	1	54	(Corath. Add 1 06
"	2	54	1 06
O'Keefe,	1	182	12 36
Page, Mrs. A. F.,	"	"	" 12 36
Potter, Robert,	8½	15	20 50
"	5	49	10 30
"	6	49	10 30
"	7	49	10 30
"	8	49	10 30
"	1	108	2 06
Perkins, J W,	Front	A	(Carath Add 1 65
Pettygrove, F W,	"	A	1 65
Powell W S,	2	115	4 12
"	3	115	4 12
"	4	115	4 12
Powell W J	4&5	121	4 12
Pryor, Chas	4	114	4 12
Pittock, Henry M	5	6	4 12
Quinney, W S, est of	8	11	1 1
Quinn, J	1	1st Car Add	1 03
"	"	"	" 2 06
"	1½	2	1 1
"	"	"	2 06
"	"	"	1 1
"	"	"	2 06
Raleigh, Patrick	1	13	1 1
Reed, Mary K	1	83	1 1
"	2	83	1 1
"	3	83	1 1
"	4	83	1 1
Rhodes, J C	1	84	(Car Add) 1 03
"	2	84	1 1
Ripley, A C	1	84	1 1
"	2	84	1 1
"	Und ¼	84	1 1
"	4	84	1 1
"	5	84	1 1
"	6	84	1 1
"	7	84	1 1
"	8	84	1 1
Scott, S	1	110	2 06
Shipley, A R	N ½	1	1 1
Shelby, Elizabeth	S ½	1	22 90
"	"	2	22 90
Smith, Chas B	"	Mary	1 1
"	1	91	(Couch Add.) 1 65
"	2	91	1 1
"	3	91	1 1
"	4	91	1 1
"	5	91	1 1
"	6	91	1 1
"	7	91	1 1
"	8	91	1 1
Smith, J B	1	1	1 1
"	2	1	1 1
"	3	1	1 1
"	4	1	1 1
"	5	1	1 1
"	6	1	1 1
"	7	1	1 1
"	8	1	1 1
Snow, A A	1	240	1 03
"	2	240	1 03
Sykes Debra	1	9	(Car. Add.) 1 03
Silvaby, A	6	135	1 1
Stout, Susan G	1	98	1 1
"	2	98	1 1
"	3	98	1 1
"	4	98	1 1
"	5	98	1 1
"	6	98	1 1
"	7	98	1 1
"	8	98	1 1
Sloan, Lucinda	1	1	(Car. Add.) 1 03
"	2	1	1 1
"	3	1	1 1
"	4	1	1 1
Shenkel, Peter	8½	2, 3	30 (Couch Add.) 1 10
Stephens J B	1	12	18 54
Smith, Jessie M	fract	96	1 1
Stan